

WTI crude oil and USD were both lower. US equities were higher. CBOT wheat fell on large stockpiles. Corn and soybeans continued its liquidation from last week. US Great Plains winter wheat areas saw an improvement in weather after last week's coast to coast storm system and forecast for additional precipitation this week. Black Sea competition is also weighing on wheat. Traders are expecting the Black Sea grain corridor deal to be extended. Argentina is not expected to see much rain over the next week.

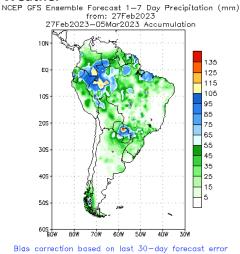
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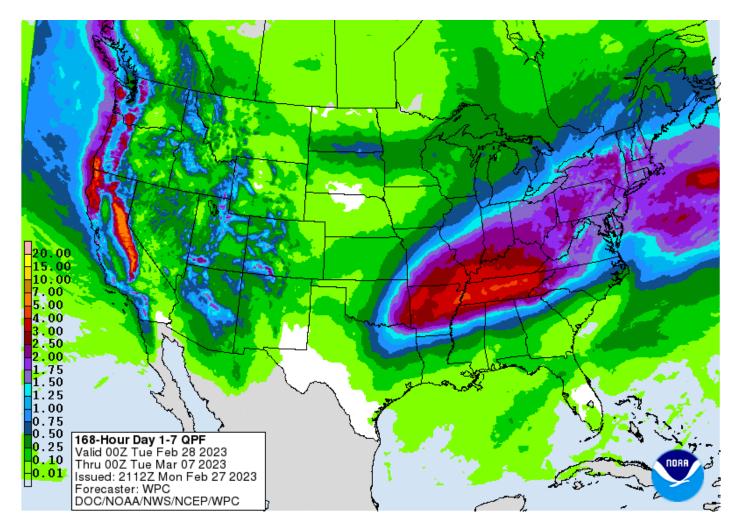
Traditional Daily Estimate of Funds

	(Neg)-	"Short" Po	s-"Long"		
	Corn	Bean	Chi. Wheat	Meal	Oil
Estimate 2/21/23	296.8	184.4	(50.1)	166.8	28.4
22-Feb	(5.0)	(5.0)	(9.0)	(4.0)	1.0
23-Feb	(11.0)	(3.0)	1.0	0.0	(2.0)
24-Feb	(10.0)	(6.0)	(16.0)	2.0	(4.0)
27-Feb	(8.0)	(6.0)	(9.0)	2.0	(4.0)
28-Feb					
FI Est. of Futures Only	262.8	164.4	(83.1)	166.8	19.4
FI Est. Futures & Options	242.4	167.7	(83.9)	165.4	19.0

Source: Reuters, CFTC & FI (FI est. are noted with latest date)

Weather





World Weather, INC.

MOST IMPORTANT WEATHER FOR THE DAY

- Rain fell across portions of U.S. hard red winter wheat areas overnight with the high Plains region getting restricted amounts of moisture
 - Most of the rainfall varied from 0.10 to 0.50 inch in the interior west of Kansas while 0.10 to 0.76 inch occurred from Oklahoma to central and eastern parts of Kansas
 - Local totals reached over 1.00 inch in central and northwestern Oklahoma
 - As much as 1.76 inches of moisture occurred in central Oklahoma
- California has received substantial precipitation during the weekend
 - o One to 3.34 inches of rain occurred in the central and southern parts of the San Joaquin Valley
 - Rainfall along the lower coast of California from Santa Maria into the Los Angeles Basin reported 3.00 to 6.34 inches with a local total of 9.52 inches at Rose Valley
 - Northern portions of the San Joaquin Valley much lighter rain during the weekend, but will get significant moisture over the next two days
- California's Sierra Nevada will receive 1.00 to 3.00 inches of moisture today and again Tuesday before quieter weather evolves
 - Snow accumulations will vary from 3 to 6 feet in the Sierra Nevada during the next two and a half days

- California's water supply will continue to improve over the next few weeks as precipitation falls and mountain snowpack begins to melt
- Argentina rainfall during the weekend was minimal and net drying resulted
 - Highest temperatures were in the in the 90s Fahrenheit with morning lows in the upper 40s and 50s in the south and in the 60s in the north
- Argentina will not get enough rain to counter evaporation in the central or south for the next ten days
- Far northern Argentina will experience waves of rain late this week into next week that will improve soil and crop conditions in cotton, dry bean, citrus and sugarcane producing areas from Salta to Formosa and northern Chaco
 - Some minor grain and oilseed areas in the north will also benefit from the moisture, but other areas will be missed by significant precipitation
- Argentina's bottom line has not changed much from that of last Friday. The bulk of central and southern Argentina will not receive enough rain to counter evaporation or to seriously change crop or field conditions in the next ten days. Northern Argentina crops will experience some improvement with cotton benefiting most from the rain. Some rain will develop in the second week of March, but early indications do not suggest a general soaking and most crop areas will still be looking for a more meaningful rain to stop the decline in production potentials.
- Brazil rainfall during the weekend was greatest from central and eastern Mato Grosso into southwestern Minas Gerais, a part of Sao Paulo, Mato Grosso do Sul and central through northern Paraguay
 - Amounts varied from 0.60 to 0 1.73 inches with local totals to 3.86 inches in southern Goias and 7.40 inches in west-central Mato Grosso
 - Rain also fell in Rio Grande do Sul with northwestern areas getting 0.75 to 1.69 inches and other areas reported 0.20 to 0.62 inch with a few amounts to 1.25 inches
 - Net drying occurred in the interior southern and northeastern summer crop areas
 - Temperatures were seasonable
- Routinely occurring rain is expected in Brazil during the coming ten days to two weeks
 - Bahia, northeastern Minas Gerais and Espirito Santo will be driest with 0.25 to 0.80 inch and a few amounts to 1.50 inches likely
 - Rio Grande do Sul will receive 1.00 to 2.0 inches of rain while most other areas get 1.00 to 3.00 inches with a few totals to 5.00 inches
 - Wettest in Parana, Mato Grosso do Sul, Sao Paulo and southern Goias
- Paraguay rainfall is expected to be greater than that of Brazil with some central and northern crop areas getting 3.00 to more than 8.00 inches of rain by the middle part of next week
- Brazil's bottom line is relatively normal for the next two weeks. Fieldwork will be slow in Parana, Paraguay, Mato Grosso do Sul, Sao Paulo and southern Goias due to saturated soil conditions and periodic rainfall. Rio Grande do Sul will get just enough rain to maintain favorable crop and field conditions, despite early season crop moisture stress. Drying in Bahia and immediate neighboring areas may lead to some crop moisture stress as the region dries out. Mato Grosso fieldwork will advance relatively well over the next two weeks with planting and harvesting advancing around daily showers and thunderstorms.
- U.S. Midwest, Delta and Tennessee River Basin will receive frequent rain over the next two weeks leaving the soil saturated and vulnerable to some local flooding
 - Rain totals of 2.00 to 4.00 inches are expected by mid-week next week in the Tennessee River Basin, northern Delta and Ohio River Basin
 - Rainfall of 0.30 to 1.25 inches will occur in the northwestern half of the Midwest with some areas in South Dakota, Minnesota and Nebraska getting less than 0.75 inch and several areas will get less than 0.40 inch

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- North America temperatures this week and early next week will be colder than usual in the western parts of both the United States and Canada while temperatures are warmer biased in the Midwest, Delta, southern Plains and Atlantic Coast States
 - Some of the cold in the west will begin spreading to the east in the second week of March including much of the Great Plains and part of the Midwest
- Drought in northeastern Mexico, South Texas, the Texas Coastal Bend and West Texas will prevail over the next ten days, despite a few brief showers of limited significance
 - Delays in the start of spring planting will be possible in unirrigated areas
- Florida, southern Georgia, southern South Carolina, southern Alabama, southern Mississippi and much of central, western and southern Texas will receive restricted rainfall during the next ten days
 - Totally dry weather is not expected, but net drying will be the rule
 - \circ $\;$ Some increase in rainfall is predicted for the second week of the outlook
- U.S. northern Plains will be wettest during mid-week this week and again during the early part of next week
 - Snow will fall most often, but no large storm system is expected until the second week of March and confidence in that event is quite low
- U.S. Midwest weekend precipitation
 - Rain and thunderstorms moved across eastern Nebraska and eastern Kansas to southern Wisconsin, Illinois and a part of Indiana during the weekend
 - Significant relief from dryness occurred from southwest to northeast across lowa where 1.00 to 2.00 inch moisture totals were noted
 - Iowa is in much better moisture shape today than it was a few weeks ago which sets the stage for a favorable planting season if the moisture remains through March
- U.S. northern Delta and interior southeastern parts of the nation received rain during the weekend with just enough to maintain moist field conditions.
 - Net drying has been occurring recently in the lower Delta and far southeastern corner of the nation; including Florida
- U.S. temperatures were mild to cool during the weekend in the west and some central crop areas while warm biased in the southeastern states
 - Highest temperatures were in the 70s and 80s from southern and eastern Texas through the lower Delta to the Carolinas, Georgia and Florida
 - Sub-zero Fahrenheit temperatures occurred in the northern Plains and upper Midwest as well as the northeastern states
- Europe precipitation during the weekend was greatest from central Italy through the western and northern Balkan Countries into Belarus and the Baltic States as well as a part of Poland where 0.20 to 0.72 inch occurred often with some totals of 1.00 to 2.00 inches in the northern Balkans
 - Temperatures were cooler biased especially in the central and south
- Southern Europe will be stormy this week into early next week form through Italy to the lower Danube River Basin
 - Moisture totals by mid-week next week may vary from 0.20 to 1.00 inch in the Iberian Peninsula with a few totals over 2.00 inches
 - Greatest rain will occur from Italy into Serbia and Bulgaria where 1.00 to more than 3.00 inches will result
 - Montenegro will be wettest along with parts of Albania with additional amounts getting close to 5.00 inches result in local flooding
- Northern Europe will not be completely dry, but precipitation amounts will be very light
 - o Temperatures will also be cooler biased across much of Europe, but especially in the north
 - \circ $\;$ Northern Europe will trend wetter in the second week of March

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- Southwestern Russia continued to receive abundant moisture along with Belarus where more than 1.00 inch of moisture resulting from rain and snow resulted Friday through Sunday
 - Some very heavy snow accumulation was suspected in the cooler areas
- Western CIS crop weather will continue wet over the next ten days with waves of snow and rain expected to continue
 - Flood potentials continue to rise for this spring due to saturated soil and significant snow accumulations on top of the ground
 - \circ $\;$ Additional moisture totals this week will vary from 0.30 to 1.00 inch with a few 1.00- to 2.00-inch totals
- Europe and Asia temperatures will remain warmer than usual during the coming two weeks except in southwestern Europe early this week and from Scandinavia through northwestern Russia next week when cooler than usual conditions are likely.
- India was mostly dry during the weekend and it will continue quite dry for one more week
- Some central India showers will develop lightly in the second week of March, but the precipitation may fall too late and be too light to seriously change winter crop yield potentials
- Far southern and extreme northern India will get greater rain over the next two weeks benefiting a few crops, but the majority of the nation will need greater rain sooner than that to induce the best winter crop yields and quality in unirrigated areas
- Eastern China precipitation will continue restricted over the next ten days to two weeks except from southern Sichuan to Yunnan where rain will fall periodically to maintain a good environment for crops
 - Net drying is likely in most other areas
 - Rain will have to evolve soon in rapeseed areas to ensure a good start to aggressive crop development
 - Wheat areas have favorable soil moisture and crops are still dormant, but gradual drying is expected through the first half of March
- Australia's summer crop areas failed to get much moisture during the weekend, although Victoria and southeastern South Australia received 0.15 to 1.00 inch of moisture
 - A few coastal areas along the lower Queensland and New South Wales coast did receive light rain
 - Heavier rain fell in the Cape York Peninsula where more than 10.00 inches occurred in a small area near Cairns, Queensland
- Eastern Australia's dryland cotton, sorghum and other summer crops are unlikely to get much precipitation over the next ten days resulting in additional crop stress and lower production potentials
 - Irrigated crops in eastern Australia continue in good condition with normal to above normal yields expected
- Drought remains a serious concern in the central and interior southwestern Canada Prairies where timely late winter and spring precipitation will be needed this year to support planting and initial crop development.
 - Snow will fall later this week into next week from western and southern Alberta into southwestern Saskatchewan while precipitation elsewhere will be restricted
- Tropical Cyclone Freddy moved into Mozambique during the weekend and dissipated resulting in some crop and property damage due to flooding and some strong wind
 - Damage from the storm was greatest in Madagascar late last week
 - The storm produced very heavy rain and induced damaging wind as well as some flooding over southern and east-central Madagascar impacting grain, oilseed, rice, coffee, sugarcane and other crops earlier this week
- Recent rain in Philippines lightened up last week after too much rain fell in the previous weekend
 - \circ $\;$ Weather conditions in the next ten days should be mostly good for the nation

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- Indonesia and Malaysia rainfall will occur abundantly during the next two weeks with all areas impacted and no area experiencing much net drying
- South Africa rainfall will be restricted for the early to middle part of this week, although a few showers will be around
 - Greater rain is expected to slowly evolve once again over key summer crop areas during the latter part of this week and especially next week
- West-central Africa rainfall increased during the weekend in southeastern Ivory Coast and southern Ghana with a few 1.00 to 1.69-inch amounts resulting. Other areas continued to experience net drying
 - A seasonal increase in rainfall is expected to continue gradually over the next two week helping coffee, cocoa, rice and sugarcane to begin development normally
- Middle East precipitation is expected to be erratic and sometimes light over the next couple of weeks raising some need for greater precipitation prior to cotton and rice planting season.
 - Wheat conditions are rated favorably, but would benefit from additional rain
 - Turkey should be wettest while Syria, Iraq and Lebanon need greater rainfall
- Eastern Africa precipitation will be greatest in Tanzania during the next ten days which is not unusual at this time of year
 - Some rain is expected to develop in Ethiopia, Uganda and Kenya over time, although amounts should be light

• Sunday's Southern Oscillation Index was +10.64 and it was expected to move erratically over the next week Source: World Weather and FI

Bloomberg Ag calendar

Monday, Feb. 27:

- USDA export inspections corn, soybeans, wheat, 11am
- Dubai Sugar Conference, day 1
- EARNINGS: Olam, FGV

Tuesday, Feb. 28:

- Dubai Sugar Conference, day 2
- EU weekly grain, oilseed import and export data
- US agricultural prices paid, received, 3pm
- Malaysia's Feb. palm oil export data
- Vietnam coffee, rice and rubber export data
- EARNINGS: Golden Agri

Wednesday, March 1:

- Dubai Sugar Conference, day 3
- EIA weekly US ethanol inventories, production, 10:30am
- USDA soybean crush, DDGS production, corn for ethanol, 3pm
- Global Grain and Animal Feed Asia 2023, Singapore, day 1

Thursday, March 2:

- Dubai Sugar Conference, day 4
- USDA weekly net-export sales for corn, soybeans, wheat, cotton, pork and beef, 8:30am
- Port of Rouen data on French grain exports
- Global Grain and Animal Feed Asia 2023, day 2

Friday, March 3:

- FAO World Food Price Index, grains report
- ICE Futures Europe weekly commitments of traders report
- CFTC commitments of traders weekly report on positions for various US futures and options, 3:30pm

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- FranceAgriMer's weekly crop conditions reports
- Global Grain and Animal Feed Asia 2023, day 3

Source: Bloomberg and FI

	FI FND Est.	Reg.	Reg. Change
Soybeans	0	302	0
Soybean Meal	0	0	0
Soybean Oil	0-150	467	0
Corn	NA	0	0
Oats	NA	0	0
Chi. Wheat	50-400	2,587	0
KC Wheat	0-100	152	0
Rice	150-400	637	0
Ethanol	0	0	0
MN Wheat	0-50		

Macros

US Durable Goods Orders Jan P: -4.5% (exp -4.0%; prevR 5.1%)* *BIGGEST MONTHLY DROP SINCE APRIL 2020 "COVID". Durable Ex Transportation Jan P: 0.7% (exp 0.1%; prevR -0.4%) Cap Goods Orders Nondef Ex Air Jan P: 0.8% (exp 0.0%; prevR -0.3%) US Pending Home Sales (M/M) Jan: 8.1% (est 1.0%; prev R 1.1%) US Pending Home Sales NSA (Y/Y) Jan: -22.4% (prev -34.3%) ***

USDA inspections versus Reuters trade range

-		_	
Wheat	591,725	versus 250000-500000	range
Corn	572,622	versus 375000-750000	range
Soybeans	690,984	versus 850000-1700000	range

US EXPORT IN	SPECTIO	NS				Cumulative		USDA	Weekly Ave. to	Weekly rate	Shipments
Million Bushels	Actual	FI Estimates	Last Week	LW revised	5-Year Ave.	YTD	YOY %	Projection	To date	to Reach USDA	% of USDA
WHEAT	21.742	11 to 18	13.758	0.037	18.2	560	33.3%	775	14.3	16.6	72.3%
CORN	22.543	21 to 29	24.558	0.038	51.8	563	81.1%	1925	21.6	52.5	29.3%
SOYBEANS	25.389	53 to 62	58.198	0.214	33.0	1,546	68.1%	1990	59.3	17.1	77.7%
Million Tons	Actual	Estimates	Last Week	LW revised	5-Year Ave.	YTD	YOY MT	Projection	To date	to Reach USDA	% of USDA
WHEAT	0.592	0.300 to 0.50	0 0.374	0.001	0.495	15.252	-0.258	21.09	0.390	0.451	72.3%
CORN	0.573	0.525 to 0.72	5 0.624	0.001	1.315	14.308	-8.897	48.90	0.549	1.333	29.3%
SOYBEANS	0.691	1.450 to 1.70	0 1.584	0.006	0.898	42.084	1.375	54.16	1.615	0.465	77.7%
Source: USDA & FI											

Corn	ECTIONS: TOP COUNTRIES, IN 22.543 Wheat	21.742 Beans	25.389
Mexico Colombia Japan El Salvador Taiwan	12.657 Mexico 4.986 Japan 3.363 Korea Rep 0.671 Indonesia 0.411 Philippines 0.276 Taiwan	2.752 China 2.715 Mexico 2.531 Germany 2.504 Algeria 2.282 Colombia 1.264 Indonesia	13.598 3.808 1.920 1.549 1.142 0.606
Morocco US EXPORT INSP Corn	ECTIONS: TOP COUNTRIES, IN 572,622 Wheat		690,984
MEXICO COLOMBIA JAPAN	321,498 MEXICO 126,661 JAPAN 85,436 KOREA REP	74,908 CHINA 73,878 MEXICO 68,878 GERMANY	370,070 103,633 52,265
EL SALVADOR TAIWAN MOROCCO	17,047 INDONESIA 10,450 PHILIPPINES 7,000 TAIWAN	68,159 ALGERIA 62,117 COLOMBIA 34,400 INDONESIA	42,148 31,091 16,506

GRAINS INSPECTED AND/OR WEIGHED FOR EXPORT

REPORTED IN WEEK ENDING FEB 23, 2023 -- METRIC TONS --

GRAIN		WEEK ENDING 02/16/2023	-	CURRENT MARKET YEAR TO DATE	PREVIOUS MARKET YEAR TO DATE
GRAIN	02/23/2023	02/10/2023	02/24/2022	IO DAIL	IO DAIL
BARLEY	0	0	0	2,154	10,010
CORN	572 , 622	623 , 795	1,555,227	14,308,175	23,204,995
FLAXSEED	0	0	0	200	324
MIXED	0	0	0	0	0
OATS	0	0	0	6,486	400
RYE	0	0	0	0	0
SORGHUM	105 , 710	71,805	146,516	675 , 154	3,021,080
SOYBEANS	690,984	1,583,893	739,465	42,084,142	40,708,724
SUNFLOWER	0	0	0	2,160	432
WHEAT	591 , 725	374,427	429,984	15,252,238	15,510,216
Total	1,961,041	2,653,920	2,871,192	72,330,709	82,456,181
CROP MARKETI	NG YEARS BEG	IN JUNE 1 FO	OR WHEAT, RY	E, OATS, BARLI	EY AND
FLAXSEED; S	EPTEMBER 1 F	OR CORN, SOF	RGHUM, SOYBE	ANS AND SUNFLO	OWER SEEDS.
INCLUDES WAT	ERWAY SHIPME	NTS TO CANAI	DA.		

Corn

- Corn futures continued its trade lower and today following wheat over concerns of large stockpiles.
- Funds were net sellers of an estimated net 8,000 corn contracts.
- US producer selling was slow with the break in futures prices.
- USDA US corn export inspections as of February 23, 2023 were 572,622 tons, within a range of trade expectations, below 623,795 tons previous week and compares to 1,555,227 tons year ago. Major countries included Mexico for 321,498 tons, Colombia for 126,661 tons, and Japan for 85,436 tons.
- Poland reported outbreaks of African swine fever in wild boar.
- The US Office of Management and Budget completed their review for the EPA plan to allow year-round E15 sales and a decision should be out soon. The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) defines E15 as gasoline blended with 10.5% to 15% ethanol. E15 is available in 31 states at just over 2,500 stations, according to the US Department of Energy. This is less than 2 percent of total US gas stations.

US Department of Energy:

Vehicles approved for E15 use:

- Flexible fuel vehicles
- Conventional vehicles of model year 2001 and newer.

Vehicles prohibited from using E15:

- All motorcycles
- All vehicles with heavy-duty engines, such as school buses and delivery trucks
- All off-road vehicles, such as boats and snowmobiles
- All engines in off-road equipment, such as chain saws and gasoline lawn mowers
- All conventional vehicles older than model year 2001.

Export developments.

• None reported

US Weekly Petroleum Status Report - Ethanol

	Ethanol Produ	ction	Cha	nge	Ethanol Ste	tocks		nge	Days of
	FI Production Est.	Mbbl	Last Week	Last Year	FI Stocks Est.	Mbbl	Last Week	Last Year	Inv.
12/30/2022		844	-119	-19.5%		24,444	-192	14.4%	29.2
1/6/2023		943	99	-6.3%		23,800	-644	3.9%	25.9
1/13/2023		1008	65	-4.3%		23,402	-398	-0.8%	23.6
1/20/2023		1012	4	-2.2%		25,077	1675	2.5%	23.1
1/27/2023		1028	16	-1.2%		24,442	-635	-5.5%	24.4
2/3/2023		1000	-28	0.6%		24,417	-25	-1.5%	24.4
2/10/2023		1014	14	0.5%		25,339	922	-0.6%	24.1
2/17/2023		1029	15	0.5%		25,588	249	0.3%	24.6
2/24/2023	-5 to +5				+100 to +200				
Source: EIA an	nd Fl								

EIA Monthly U	S Ethano	l Product	ion				
							FI
	Dec-21	Jul-22	Aug-22	Sep-22	Oct-22	Nov-22	Dec-22
Ethanol	32.985	31.480	30.635	27.130	31.455	31.545	
mil barrels							
FI Estimate	32.827	30.423	30.648	27.187	31.055	31.186	30.765
Source: EIA Month	ly Petroleur	n & Other Li	quids Repo	rt, & FI			

USDA NASS Monthly US Corn for Ethanol Use (sorghum FI est.)

							FI Est.	
	Jan-22	Aug-22	Sep-22	Oct-22	Nov-22	Dec-22	Jan-23	
Corn use (mil bu)	464	431	383	449	450	425	-	
FI Estimate							442	
Bloomberg Estimate								
Sorghum use (mil bu)	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	-	
DDGS Output (000 short tons)	1,929	1,868	1,613	1,745	1,778	1,680	-	
Source: USDA Monthly Grain Crushings and Co-Pro	ducts Producti	ion Report, & I	FI					

0		Change	0			Et la sur et	Catala	
Corn		Change	Oats		Change	Ethanol	Settle	
MAR3	642.50	(7.50)	MAR3	378.25	(0.75)	FEB3	2.18	Spot DDGS IL
MAY3	643.50	(5.75)	MAY3	343.50	(2.00)	MAR3	2.15	NYM Chi. ETH
JUL3	633.75	(5.00)	JUL3	343.75	(2.50)	APR3	2.16	+ Corn
SEP3	589.25	(1.50)	SEP3	349.00	(0.50)	MAY3	2.17	Ethanol Crush
DEC3	575.00	(1.25)	DEC3	357.00	1.00	JUN3	2.16	1.88
MAR4	583.25	(1.25)	MAR4	360.75	0.50	JUL3	2.15	
Soybean/0	Corn	Ratio	Spread	Change	Wheat/Corr	n Ratio	Spread	Change
MAY3	MAR3	2.35	870.25	1.00	MAR3	1.08	53.50	(4.75)
JUL3	MAY3	2.33	858.25	(1.00)	MAY3	1.10	66.50	(6.00)
AUG3	JUL3	2.32	836.00	(1.75)	JUL3	1.13	84.25	(6.25)
NOV3	SEP3	2.33	783.00	(0.25)	SEP3	1.24	139.50	(8.50)
JAN4	DEC3	2.40	803.00	0.25	DEC3	1.29	169.25	(8.00)
MAY4	MAR4	2.34	782.75	0.25	MAR4	1.29	171.75	(7.00)
US Corn Ba	asis & Barge I	Freight						
Gulf Corn			BRAZIL C	orn Basis		Chicago	Mch Pri	ce unch
MCI	H +79/83	h up1/up1		JLY +50/55 n	up15/unch	Toledo	-30) k unch
AP	R +81/85	5 k dn1/unch		AUG +90/100 u	unch	Decatur	+28	3 k unch
MA	Y +80 / 84	↓k dn1/dn1		SEP +90/105 u	unch	Dayton	+6	ih unch
JUN	E +79/87	'n unch		NOV +100 / 120 z	unch	Cedar Rap	oic -12	2 k unch
JUL	Y +79/87	'n unch				Burns Har	bı +30) k unch
USD/ton:	Ukraine Ode	ssa\$ 200.00	0			Memphis-	Cairo Barge Fi	reight (offer)
US Gulf 3YC	CFob Gulf Selle	r (RTRS) 285.2 2	286.4 288.4	288.4 288.1 286.1	В	rgF MTCT FE	B 325	unchanged
China 2YC	Maize Cif Dalia	an (DCE) 405.0	407.5 409.0	410.0 410.3 409.3	Brg	gF MTCT MA	R 325	unchanged
Argentine Y	ellow Maize Fo	b UpRiver - 2	295.0 297.0	266.4	Br	gF MTCT AP	R 325	unchanged
Source: FI,	DJ, Reuters a	& various tra	de sourc <u>es</u>					

Terry Reilly Grain Research

Updated 02/22/23 May \$6.25-\$7.15

Soybeans

- CBOT soybeans traded lower as exports are shifting to South America.
- Funds were net sellers of an estimated net 6,000 soybeans, bought 2,000 meal and sold 4,000 bean oil.
- USDA US soybean export inspections as of February 23, 2023 were 690,984 tons, below a range of trade expectations, below 1,583,893 tons previous week and compares to 739,465 tons year ago. Major countries included China for 370,070 tons, Mexico for 103,633 tons, and Germany for 52,265 tons.
- Although the US soybean inspections for China were good, the slowdown in overall soybean inspections could be a signal Brazil is ramping up exports. For the first three weeks of February, Brazil's daily average of soybean exports were 196,000 tons, up from 163,000 tons year earlier.
- IMEA reported Brazil's Mato Gross was 76 percent harvested, up 16 points from the previous week.
- AgRural reported 33 percent of Brazil's soybean crop had been collected as of Thursday, up 8 points from the previous week and compares to 43 percent year earlier. They are using a 150.9 MMT soybean crop. Safras late last week reported 37.6 percent complete.
- Argentina is not expected to see much rain over the next week.
- Brazil's government will decide whether or not to raise their biodiesel mandate next month. It's currently at 10 percent, lowered from 13 percent a while back.
- Argentina producers will launch a protest this week over taxes, exchange rates and financial support.
- AmSpec reported February 1-25 palm oil exports up 15.3 percent to 949,082 tons from 823,376 tons during January 1-25. ITS reported a 25.4 percent rise to 1.034 million tons from 824,373 tons during January 1-25.
- Strategie Grains increased its forecast for 2023 European Union rapeseed output to 19.6 million tons, up from 19.5 million projected a month earlier.

Export Developments

• China plans to auction off 32,472 tons of soybean oil from state reserves on February 28.

EIA Monthly US Feedstock Use for Biofuel Production									
						FI			
	Dec-21	Aug-22	Sep-22	Oct-22	Nov-22	Dec-22			
Soybean Oil	937	925	934	906	943				
mil pounds									
FI Estimate						948			
Source: EIA Monthly	Biodiesel Pro	oduction Rep	ort, & Fl						

USDA Monthly Soybean Crush and Soybean Oil Stocks

								FI Est.
Soybeans crushed	Jan-22	Jul-22	Aug-22	Sep-22	Oct-22	Nov-22	Dec-22	Jan-23
mil bushels	194.3	181.3	175.1	167.6	196.6	189.5	187.4	
mil bushels per day	6.27	5.85	5.65	5.59	6.34	6.32	6.05	
Ave. Trade Estimate	193.7	180.0	175.6	167.9	196.0	190.0	188.0	
FI Estimate	194.3	181.0	175.8	167.6	195.9	190.7	187.8	189.5
Soybean oil Production million pounds	2,277	2,158	2,096	1,993	2,338	2,198	2,195	
Soybean oil stocks								
mil pounds	2,500	2,228	2,104	1,991	2,094	2,108	2,306	
Ave. Trade Estimate	2,449	2,219	2,122	1,967	2,093	2,201	2,227	
FI Estimate	2,425	2,210	2,096	1,900	2,060	2,195	2,236	2,450
Soybean oil yield pounds per bushel	11.72	11.90	11.97	11.89	11.89	11.60	11.71	
Soybean meal production 000 short tons	4,533	4,266	4,147	3,925	4,603	4,468	4,437	
Soybean meal stocks 000 short tons	431	524	348	311	378	348	456	
Soybean meal yield pounds per bushel	46.67	47.06	47.38	46.84	46.82	47.17	47.36	
Source: USDA NASS Fats and Oils, *Bloomber	g, & FI (Blc	omberg	range, Re	euters ave	erage)			

oybeans		Change	Soybean Meal			Change	Soybean Oi		Change
1AR3	1517.50	(11.50)	MAR3	498.00		0.90	MAR3	59.99	(1.12)
1AY3	1512.75	(6.50)	MAY3	481.80		1.80	MAY3	60.28	(0.94)
JL3	1501.75	(6.75)	JUL3	470.80		1.20	JUL3	60.02	(0.79)
UG3	1469.75	(6.75)	AUG3	456.50		0.80	AUG3	59.45	(0.66)
EP3	1402.75	(3.25)	SEP3	439.50		1.00	SEP3	58.87	(0.49)
IOV3	1372.25	(1.75)	ОСТЗ	426.30		1.40	OCT3	58.23	(0.29)
AN4	1378.00	(1.00)	DEC3	424.10		2.00	DEC3	57.98	(0.10)
oybeans	Spread	Change	SoyMeal	Spread		Change	SoyOil	Spread	Change
lar-May	-4.75	5.00	Mar-May	-16.20		0.90	Mar-May	0.29	0.18
lectronic B	eans Crush		Oil as %	Meal/C	Dil \$	Meal	Oil		
1onth	Margin		of Oil&Meal	Con. Va	lue	Value	Value		
1AR3	237.99	MAR3	37.59%	\$	13,806	1095.60	659.89		
1AY3	210.29	MAY3	38.48%	\$	12,012	1059.96	663.08	EUR/USD	1.0606
JL3	194.23	JUL3	38.93%	\$	11,068	1035.76	660.22	Brazil Real	5.2001
UG3	188.50	AUG3	39.44%	\$	9,980	1004.30	653.95	Malaysia Bid	4.4760
EP3	211.72	SEP3	40.11%	\$	8 <i>,</i> 628	966.90	647.57	China RMB	6.9430
CT3/NOV3	206.14	OCT3	40.58%	\$	7,692	937.86	640.53	AUD	0.6738
IOV3/DEC3	198.55	DEC3	40.60%	\$	7,622	933.02	637.78	CME Bitcoin	23337
AN4	179.16	JAN4	40.79%	\$	7,266	922.02	635.14	3M Libor	4.96243
1AR4	163.17	MAR4	41.29%	\$	6,382	899.14	632.28	Prime rate	7.7500
1AY4	150.46	MAY4	41.59%	\$	5 <i>,</i> 856	885.72	630.74		
S Soybean	Complex Basi	s							
MCH	+87 / 90 h	unch					DECATUR	+17 k	unch
APR	+89 / 94 k	unch/dn1	IL SBM (truck)		H+13	2/21/2023	SIDNEY	+8 k	unch
MAY	+86 / 88 k	up1/dn2	CIF Meal		H+55	2/21/2023	CHICAGO	-5 h	unch
JUNE	+90 / 95 n	unch	Oil FOB NOLA		500	2/24/2023	TOLEDO	-20 k	unch
JULY	+84 / 88 n	unch	Decatur Oil		350	2/24/2023	BRNS HRBR	-65 k	unch
							C. RAPIDS	+30 k	unch
Brazil Soybeans Paranagua fob				Brazil Meal Paranagua			Brazil Oil Paranagua		
MCH	-3 / +5 h		MCH		′ +25 h	up7/unch		-1000 / -850 h	
APR	-2 / +2 k		APR	-	′ +3 k	dn8/dn4		-1150 / -1000	
MAY	+11 / +17 k	• • •	MAY	-	′ +3 k	up6/unch		-1190 / -1040	
JUNE	+37 / +50 n		JUNE	-	+3 n	up2/up1		-1200 / -1120	
JULY	- /		JULY	,	+3 n	up2/up1		-1200 / -1120	
		na meal (ST)	528			Argentina oil	Spot fob		-6.53

Updated 02/22/23 Soybeans – May \$14.75-\$16.00 Soybean meal – May \$435-\$500 Soybean oil – May 58-66

Wheat

- Chicago wheat futures dropped again, touching the lowest level since September 2021. SRW saw fund selling and Black Sea competition. KC and MN also fell.
- US Great Plains winter wheat areas saw an improvement in weather after last week's coast to coast storm system and forecast for additional precipitation this week.
- Funds were net sellers of an estimated net 9,000 Chicago wheat contracts.
- Traders are expecting the Black Sea grain export deal to be extended. China expressed interest for grain exports to be unaffected by the conflict.
- Ukraine grain exports crop year to date were 31.8 million tons, down 27 percent from a year ago. Wheat was 11.2 million tons, corn 18 MMT and barley 2 MMT.
- Russia 12.5% protein wheat prices were down \$3 to \$296 per ton last week, according to IKAR.
- Egypt's wheat reserves are 4.6 months and vegetable oils at 5.1 months.
- Paris May wheat was up 0.25 euro earlier at 280.25 per ton.
- China sold 141,751 tons of wheat from state reserves at an average price of 2,848 yuan per ton.
- India so far sold 1.81 million tons of wheat in the open market.

SovEcon Rus	ssia s grai	rexports	•		F - 4	E-+	E.t.	F - 4	F -+	F -+		
			Est.	Est.	Est.	Est.	Est.	Est.	Est.	Est.		
	July 2019-	July 20-	1.1.22	Διισ 22	Sep-22	Oct 22	Nov 22	Doc 22	lan 22	Feb-23	Jul-Feb	
	June 2020	June 21	Jui-22	Aug-22	Sep-22	001-22	100-22	Det-22	Jaii-22	rep-25	Jui-Feb	101 /0
Wheat	33,968	38,052	2,300	3,500	4,100	4,300	4,300	4,000	3,800	3,100	29,400	19%
Barley	4,499	6293	200	600	300	350	400	200	100	100	2,250	-24%
Corn	4,206	4243	150	100	50	50	150	300	500	500	1,800	1%
Grains												
(wheat+barley+	42,673	48,588	2,650	4,200	4,450	4,700	4,850	4,500	4,400	3,700	33,450	13%
corn)												

Export Developments.

- South Korean flour mills seek 85,000 tons of US and Canadian milling wheat on Feb. 28. 50,000 tons is sought from the United States and 35,000 tons from Canada, both for shipment between May 1 and May 31.
- Turkey seeks an estimated 790,000 tons of milling wheat on February 28 for March 8-April 7 and April 10-May 10 shipment.
- Jordan's state grain buyer seeks 120,000 tons of optional origin milling wheat on February 28 for shipment between Aug. 1-15 and Aug. 16-31.
- Jordan's state grain buyer seeks 120,000 tons of optional origin feed barley for shipment between June 1-15, June 16-30, and July 1-15.
- Taiwan seeks 48,975 tons of US milling wheat on March 1 for PNW shipment between April 19 and May 3. Wheat types sought include dark northern spring, hard red winter and white wheat.
- Turkey seeks 440,000 tons of feed barley on March 2.

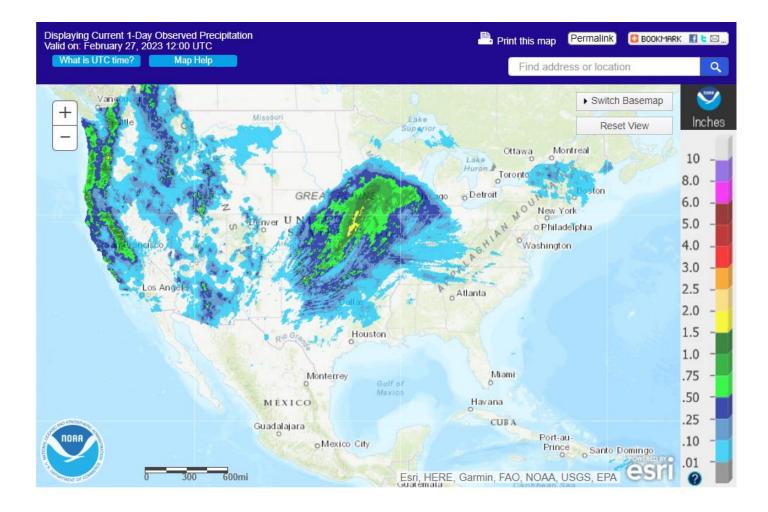
Rice/Other

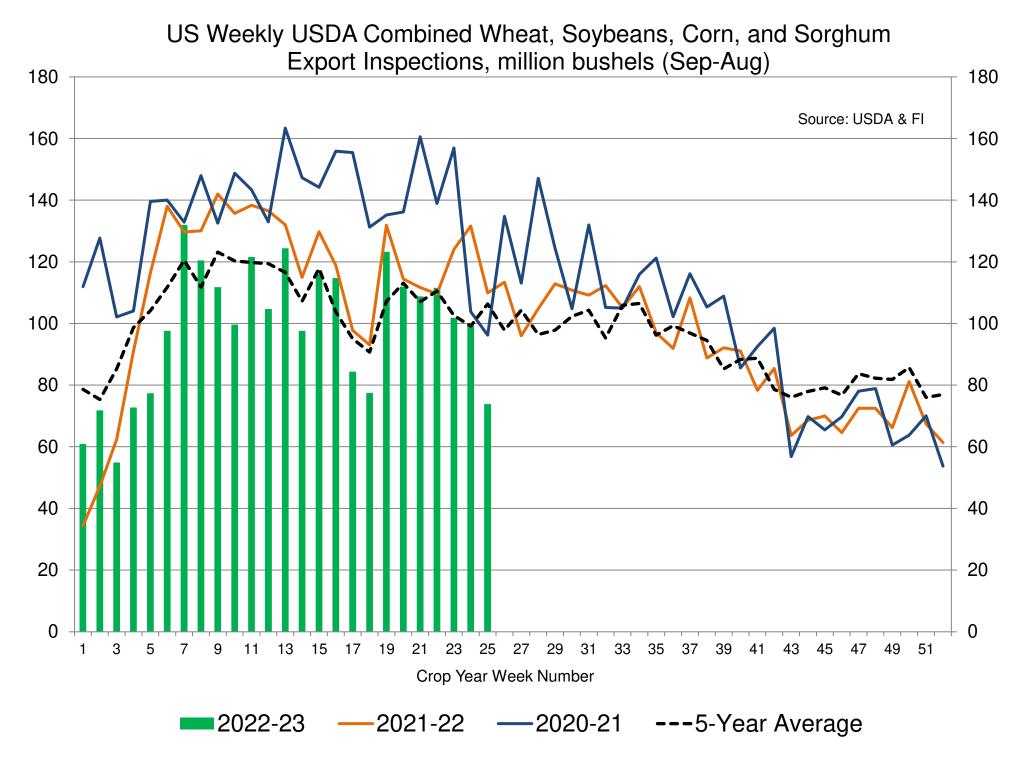
 Reuters) - Thailand's rice exports for January were at 805,519 tons, up 75.2% from a year earlier, helped by higher demand from the Middle East and a weak baht currency THB=TH, the Commerce Ministry said on Monday. The value of rice exports rose 78.76% to 14.28 billion baht (\$406.72 million) in January year-on-year, Ronnarong Phoolpipat, head of the ministry's foreign trade department, told a news conference.

Chicago V	Vheat	Change	KC Wheat		Change	MN Whea	t Settle	Change		
MAR3	696.00	(12.25)	MAR3	819.50	(22.25)	MAR3	869.50	(16.00)		
MAY3	710.00	(11.75)	MAY3	816.75	(18.50)	MAY3	868.50	(14.00)		
JUL3	718.00	(11.25)	JUL3	811.25	(16.75)	JUL3	865.25	(12.25)		
SEP3	728.75	(10.00)	SEP3	815.00	(15.50)	SEP3	853.25	(10.25)		
DEC3	744.25	(9.25)	DEC3	822.50	(14.25)	DEC3	860.25	(9.50)		
MAR4	755.00	(8.25)	MAR4	823.25	(12.75)	MAR4	863.75	(10.75)		
MAY4	756.00	(7.50)	MAY4	817.50	(11.50)	MAY4	857.75	(10.25)		
Chicago F	Rice	Change								
MAR3	16.99	0.190	MAY3	17.34	0.305	JUL3	17.65	0.345		
US Whea	t Basis									
Gulf SRW Wheat			Gulf HRW V	Vheat		Chicago mi	II -5	-5 h unch		
F	EB +100 / 120	Dh unch	F	EB +150 h	unch	Toled	o -25	h unch		
M	CH +100/120	Dh unch	М	CH +152 h	unch	PNW US S	oft White 10.5	% protein BID		
А	PR +90/9	7 k unch	А	PR +158 k	unch	PNW Feb	83	0 unchanged		
0-J	an		Μ	IAY +158 k	unch	PNW Mar	83	0 unchanged		
0-Ja	an					PNW Apr	83	0 unchanged		
						PNW May	83	5 unchanged		
Paris Wh	eat	Change	01	OI Change	World Pric	es \$/ton		Change		
MAR3	277.75	(2.00)	19,765	(8,397)	US SRW FC	US SRW FOB		\$11.00		
MAY3	278.50	(1.50)	162,580	1,346	US HRW FO	US HRW FOB		\$7.30		
SEP3	273.00	(2.25)	79,876	971	Rouen FOE	Rouen FOB 11%		(\$5.75)		
DEC3	274.75	(2.50)	69,493	17	Russia FO	B 12%	\$301.50	(\$0.50)		
EUR	1.0606				Ukr. FOB fe	eed (Odessa)	\$257.50	\$0.00		
					Arg. Bread	FOB 12%	\$487.49	\$1.38		

Source: FI, DJ, Reuters & various trade sources

Updated 02/25/23 Chicago – May \$6.90-\$8.00 KC – May \$7.50-\$9.25 MN – May \$8.00-\$10.00





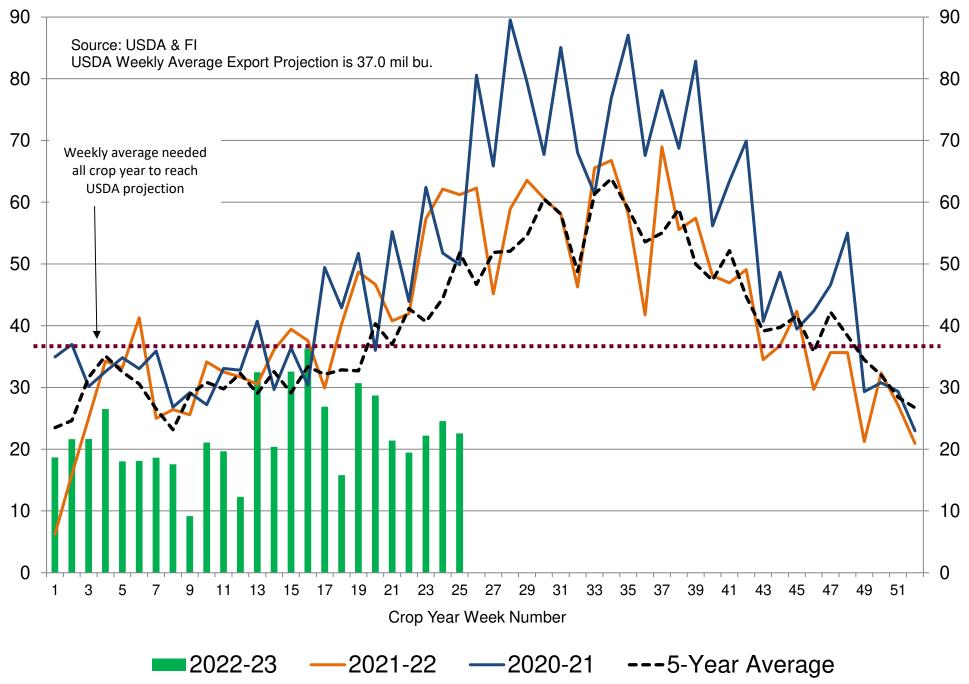
2/27/2023

Source: USDA & FI USDA Weekly Average Export Projection is 38.3 mil bu. Weekly average needed all crop year to reach **USDA** projection 11 13 Crop Year Week Number 2021-22 -2020-21 ---5-Year Average 2022-23

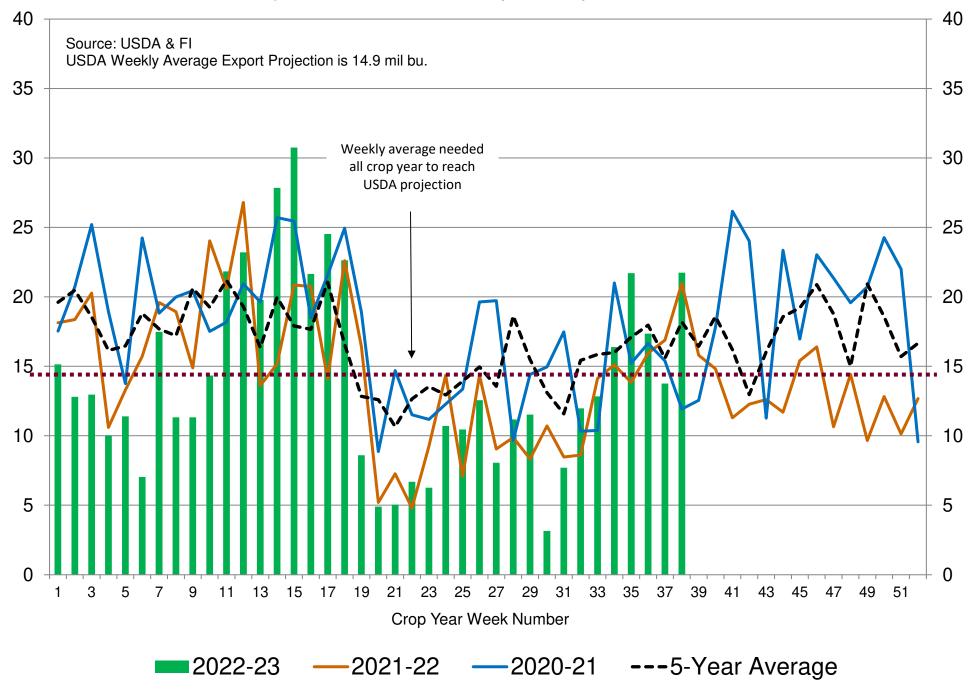
US Weekly USDA Soybean Export Inspections, million bushels

2/27/2023

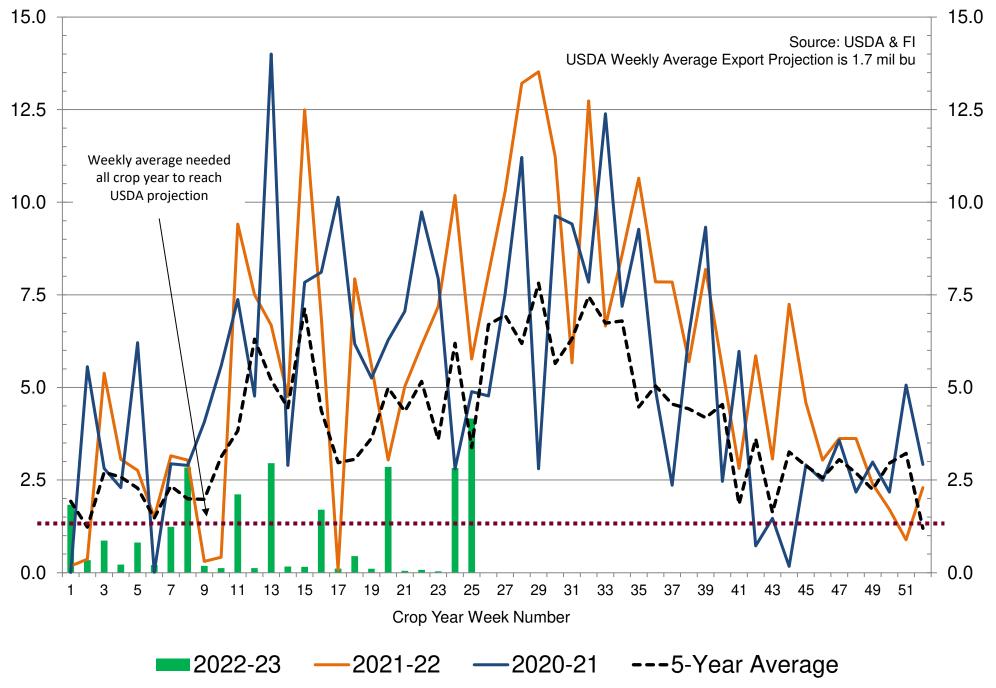
US Weekly USDA Corn Export Inspections, million bushels



US Weekly USDA All-Wheat Export Inspections, million bushels



US Weekly USDA Sorghum Export Inspections, million bushels



POS699 BUSINESS DATE: 02/24/2023

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CYCLE: OPINS 7

EXCHANGE: CBT

IN THE MONEY ABANDONMENTS

21 202306 P 124.5 202306

21 202306 P 125.5 202306

21 202306 P 126.5 202306

21 202306 P 125 202306

PRODUCT NAME CODE	OPTION DATE	-	STRIKE		SETTLEMENT PRICE	QUANTITY	
KW 202303 C 8.4 202303 KW	202303				8.417500000		
OUT OF THE MONEY EXERCISES							
	OPTION	CALL/		UNDRLYNG	SETTLEMENT		INSTRUCTION
PRODUCT NAME CODE	DATE		STRIKE		PRICE	~ -	
14 202303 P 16.8 202303 14	202303	P	16.80000000				
25 202303 P 106.5 202303 25	202303	P	106.500000000	202303	106.50000000	8,198	Contrary
26 202303 P 101.625 202303 26	202303	P	101.625000000	202303	101.644531250	50	Contrary
C 202303 C 6.5 202303 C	202303	C	6.50000000	202303	6.50000000	4,157	Contrary
C 202303 P 6.5 202303 C	202303	P	6.50000000	202303	6.50000000	2,414	Contrary
KW 202303 P 8.4 202303 KW	202303	P	8.40000000	202303	8.417500000	33	Contrary
O 202303 C 3.8 202303 O	202303	C	3.80000000	202303	3.79000000	12	Contrary
S 202303 C 15.3 202303 S	202303	С	15.30000000	202303	15.290000000	200	Contrary
EARLY EXERCISES							
	OPTION	CALL/		UNDRLYNG	SETTLEMENT		INSTRUCTION
PRODUCT NAME CODE	DATE		STRIKE	DATE	PRICE	QUANTITY	TYPE
21 202304 P 121 202306 21	202304	 Р	121.000000000	202306	111.406250000	2	Early
21 202304 P 122 202306 21	202304	P	122.00000000	202306	111.406250000	2	Early
21 202304 P 123 202306 21	202304	P	123.00000000	202306	111.406250000	1	Early
21 202305 P 124.5 202306 21	202305	P	124.50000000	202306	111.406250000	2	Early
21 202306 P 123.5 202306 21	202306	P	123.50000000	202306	111.406250000	1	Early

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