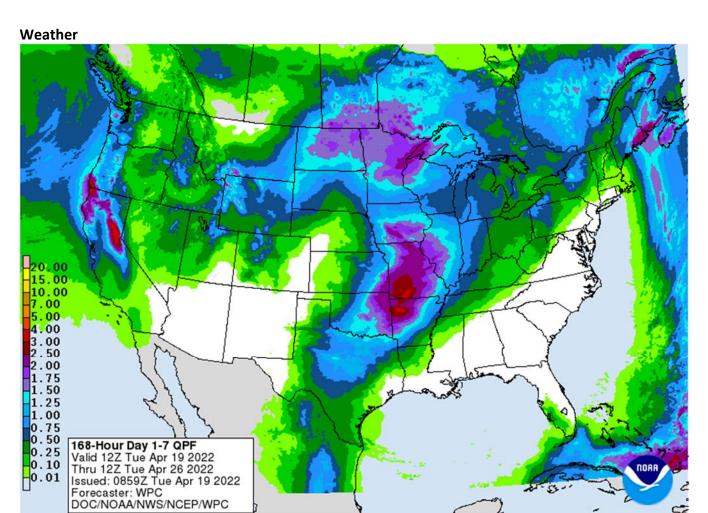
USDA: Private exporters reported sales of 123,650 metric tons of soybeans for delivery to unknown destinations during the 2021/2022 marketing year.

Risk off trading today in commodities, with energy markets sharply lower. The soybean complex closed mixed and grains lower. We remain bullish agriculture commodities based on ongoing Black Sea concerns and improving soybean and corn export demand. US wheat export demand has yet to improve as fob cash prices are above the world market.



World Weather Inc.

EARLY MORNING WEATHER UPDATE For Tuesday, April 19, 2022 WEATHER EVENTS AND FEATURES TO WATCH

• Net drying continues to be advertised in much of Mato Grosso, northern Mato Grosso do Sul and areas east to southern Bahia, Minas Gerais and Sao Paulo

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Futures International | One Lincoln Centre, Suite 1450 18 W 140 Butterfield Rd. | Oakbrook Terrace, II. 60181 W: 312.604.1366 | treilly@futures-int.com

- o Topsoil moisture is already rated short in Mato Grosso and central Bahia while short to very short in northern Minas Gerais.
- Subsoil moisture is rated marginally adequate in Mato Grosso and short to very short from northeastern Goias to southern Bahia and northern Minas Gerais
- Ten days of drying will result in crop moisture stress for Mato Grosso and a few neighboring areas and that could harm production potentials for Safrinha corn and cotton
 - Some negative impact is also possible for minor grain and oilseed production areas in Bahia and northern Minas Gerais, although some of these areas received rain during the weekend
- o Rain must develop soon to prevent dryness during reproduction from cutting into yield potentials.
- Southern Brazil will get periods of rain from late this week through next week
 - o Resulting precipitation will be sufficient to maintain moisture abundance in the region which may slow some farming activity at times
- Argentina experienced net drying over the past several days and similar conditions are expected today
- Argentina will get rain Wednesday and Thursday and again early next week in the eastern most parts of the nation.
 - Western most crop areas are unlikely to receive much rain for a while
- Frequent rain will fall from the Amazon River Basin through Ecuador, Colombia and western Venezuela maintaining moisture abundance in those areas
 - Some heavy rain and flooding will be possible
- West Texas rain potentials may slowly improve over the next ten days to two weeks.
 - Multiple frontal passages are expected and some of them will be over the region long enough to stimulate a few showers and a couple of thunderstorms eventually
 - Initial rainfall cannot be very great because of low humidity and dry air, but over time the potential for rain might improve
 - No general soaking is presently anticipated
- South Texas rainfall will be restricted as well, but 0.20 to 0.75 inch of moisture will be possible next week which is not enough to adequately moisten the soil in dryland areas
- U.S. High Plains region from Nebraska to Western Texas will not be absolutely dry during the next ten days, but resulting rainfall is unlikely to counter evaporation and ne
- U.S. Northern Plains and eastern Canada's Prairies will be facing additional storm systems maintaining a wet bias and further raising the potential for planting delays
 - o Snow and rain will return briefly tonight and Wednesday in the eastern Dakotas to Minnesota as well as in Manitoba, Canada
 - Moisture totals will vary from 0.05 to 0.35 inch with local amounts of 0.50 to 1.00 inch in Minnesota
 - Several inches of snow will fall in Manitoba
 - Other areas in Canada's Prairies will get precipitation today and Wednesday favoring the central and northern areas with accumulations of 3 to 10 inches
 - A much larger storm system is expected in the northern Plains and eastern parts of the Canadian Prairies Thursday into Sunday producing 0.20 to 0.75 inch with local totals of 1.00 to 1.50 inches
 - Interior eastern South Dakota will be an exception with less than 0.20 inch of moisture likely
 - Some very heavy snow is expected in western North Dakota, eastern Montana, southeastern
 Saskatchewan and Manitoba with accumulations of 5 to 16 inches possible
 - There is of time for change on this event and it will be closely monitored
 - o There may be a couple of additional storm systems in the northern Plains at the end of this month
 - o If all of these disturbances occur in the northern Plains and southeastern Canada's Prairies will result in some serious delays to farming activity. The flood potential for North Dakota, northern Minnesota

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and Manitoba Canada will be high as well. A drier and warmer weather pattern must develop soon. The Red River in Manitoba is already in flood.

- U.S. Midwest drying conditions will be poor between storm systems through early next week because of a high frequency in precipitation
 - A minor amount of field progress is expected, but warmer and drier weather is needed to induce the best possible field progress
- Some warming is expected in the U.S. Midwest during the second half of this week
 - Temperatures will rise into the upper 60s and 70s Fahrenheit Thursday and into the 70s and some 80s Friday and Saturday
 - The warmer air will be ideal for stimulating faster drying rates between storm systems, but the succession of storm systems will be relatively high into early next week which may still limit fieldwork and drying time.
 - The best planting conditions in the U.S. Midwest will likely occur next week, although temperatures will be trending cooler by that time.
- U.S. Delta and southeastern states will experience some improved weather this week and next week with less frequent precipitation and warmer temperatures
 - o Planting progress is expected to slowly improve
- Southwestern U.S. weather will remain dry biased through the next two weeks
- Texas Blacklands precipitation will vary from 0.50 to 1.50 inches and locally more Sunday into Monday; otherwise rainfall is not likely to be very great
- Southwestern Canada's Prairies will not receive much "significant" precipitation during the next ten days, but a few bouts of very light moisture will occur
- Ontario and Quebec, Canada will see alternating periods of rain and sunshine over the next two weeks supporting abundant soil moisture.
- Central and southern Europe will experience wetter than usual conditions over the next ten days and temperatures may be a little cooler than usual as well
 - The environment may slow some spring fieldwork, but some progress is expected
 - Early season winter and spring crop development will advance, albeit slowly due to milder than usual conditions
- Waves of rain and some snow in the western CIS will maintain moist field conditions in most of the crop areas west of the Ural Mountains and for some areas to the east as well
 - Spring fieldwork will be slower advancing than usual because of the precipitation, wet fields and milder than usual temperatures in many areas
- China's Yangtze River Basin will see rain develop again late this week and during the weekend before easing a little during the first part of next week.
 - The moisture abundance will be good for long term crop development, but fieldwork could be delayed at times
 - Net drying is expected in China's Yellow River Basin and North China Plain
- Xinjiang, China precipitation is expected to continue mostly in the mountains, but the precipitation will improve spring runoff potentials in support of better irrigation water supply
 - Some rain and snow may impact the far northeast of Xinjiang briefly this weekend through most of next week
- India's rainfall will be greatest in the far Eastern States this week, although some pre-monsoonal showers and thunderstorms are expected briefly in the south
 - o Good harvest weather will continue in winter crop areas
 - o Temperatures will remain warm
- Turkey, Iran and Afghanistan will be the wettest Middle East countries over the next ten days

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- o Rain is still needed in Syria, Iraq and neighboring areas to the south
- Southeast Asia rainfall is expected to be abundant in Indonesia, Malaysia and Philippines while a little erratic in the mainland crop areas
 - o Overall, crop conditions will remain favorable
- Southern New South Wales cotton and sorghum areas started to receive rain Monday, and more is expected today into early Wednesday.
 - The moisture may disrupt farming activity and raise some cotton fiber quality concerns
 - Otherwise, good crop maturation and harvest weather is expected in summer crop areas during the next week
- South Africa continues in need of drier weather to protect summer crop conditions and to promote faster crop maturation and harvest progress
 - Topo much moisture could harm crop quality
- Central Africa showers and thunderstorms will occur periodically during the next two weeks to support fieldwork and crop development
- North Africa precipitation over the next two weeks will be a little more sporadic and light leading to some net drying
 - Crop conditions have remained favorable and are not likely to change much in the next ten days, despite some drying
- Mexico's winter dryness and drought have been expanding due to poor precipitation resulting from persistent La Nina
 - o Northern parts of the nation will continue lacking precipitation for an extended period of time
 - Eastern and southern Mexico will experience some periodic rainfall over the next two weeks and some soil moisture boosting is expected in eastern parts of the nation
- Central America precipitation will slowly expand northward in the next few weeks
 - the moisture will be good for most crops
- Today's Southern Oscillation Index was +14.53 and it should drift a little higher before leveling off Source: World Weather Inc.

Bloomberg Ag Calendar

Tuesday, April 19:

- EU weekly grain, oilseed import and export data
- New Zealand global dairy trade auction
- HOLIDAY: Malaysia

Wednesday, April 20:

- EIA weekly U.S. ethanol inventories, production, 10:30am
- China's third batch of March trade data, including soy, corn and pork imports by country
- China Agricultural Outlook Conference, Beijing
- USDA monthly milk production, 3pm
- Malaysia's April 1-20 palm oil export data

Thursday, April 21:

- USDA weekly net-export sales for corn, soybeans, wheat, cotton, pork and beef, 8:30am
- International Grains Council monthly report
- USDA red meat production, 3pm
- HOLIDAY: Brazil

Friday, April 22:

- ICE Futures Europe weekly commitments of traders report
- CFTC commitments of traders weekly report on positions for various U.S. futures and options, 3:30pm

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- First quarter cocoa grinding data from Cocoa Association of Asia
- Brazil's Unica may release cane crush and sugar output data (tentative)
- U.S. cattle on feed; cold storage data for pork, beef and poultry, 3pm
- FranceAgriMer weekly update on crop conditions

Source: Bloomberg and FI

Macros

80 Counterparties Take \$1.817 Tln At Fed Reverse Repo Op (prev \$1.738 Tln, 82 Bids)

US Housing Starts Mar: 1793K (est 1740K; prev 1769K)
US Housing Starts (M/M) Mar: 0.3% (est 1.6%; prev 6.8%)

US Building Permits Mar: 1873K (est 1820K; prev 1859K; prevR 1865K)
US Building Permits (M/M) Mar: 0.4% (est -2.4%; prev -1.9%; prevR -1.6%)

Corn

- CBOT corn turned lower early in a risk off session as traders took in little fundamental news. Nearby corn hit its highest level since 2012. Weaker energy prices kicked off the selling after the IMF slashed their world growth outlook. WTI was down around \$5.40 as of 12:20 pm CT. Note May WTI crude oil goes off tomorrow and June is front month.
- July corn traded back below \$8.00 today as we saw some consolidation after prices reached multidecade highs yesterday.
- Yesterday USDA reported a slower than expected US corn planting progress, but we see fieldwork activity picking up by the end of the workweek with warmer temperatures forecast for the Midwest.
- Reuters correction: The Baltic Dry index fell 1 percent to 2,115 points, not increase 7 percent as previously reported.
- Anec: Brazil corn exports for April are seen at only 850,000 tons, unchanged from the previous week.

EIA expects summer U.S. real gasoline and diesel prices to be the highest since 2014 https://www.eia.gov/todayinenergy/detail.php?id=52098&src=email

Export developments.

- China plans to buy pork for state reserves on April 22. 40,000 tons is sought and this would be the 5th state reserve tender.
- None reported

US Weekly Petroleum Status Report - Ethanol

	Ethanol Produ	ction	Cha	nge	Ethanol Sto	ocks	Cha	nge	Days of
	FI Production Est.	Mbbl	Last Week	Last Year	FI Stocks Est.	Mbbl	Last Week	Last Year	Ethanol
2/11/2022		1009	15	10.8%		25,483	684	4.9%	24.6
2/18/2022		1024	15	55.6%		25,507	24	11.9%	24.9
2/25/2022		997	-27	17.4%		24,933	-574	11.2%	25.6
3/4/2022		1028	31	9.6%		25,271	338	14.5%	24.3
3/11/2022		1026	-2	5.7%		25,945	674	21.6%	24.6
3/18/2022		1042	16	13.0%		26,148	203	19.9%	24.9
3/25/2022		1036	-6	7.4%		26,529	381	25.6%	25.2
4/1/2022		1003	-33	2.9%		25,903	-626	25.5%	26.4
4/8/2022		995	-8	5.7%		24,803	-1100	20.9%	26.0
4/15/2022	-5 to +15				+100 to +300				

Source: EIA and FI

Corn			Change	Oats		Change	Ethanol	Settle	
MAY2	2 8	303.00	(10.25)	MAY2	743.25	(18.00)	MAY2	2.16	Spot DDGS IL
JUL2	7	799.00	(8.00)	JUL2	735.25	(11.50)	JUN2	2.16	Cash & CBOT
SEP2	7	760.25	(5.75)	SEP2	604.00	2.50	JUL2	2.16	Corn + Ethanol
DEC2	7	745.75	(4.00)	DEC2	596.75	2.75	AUG2	2.16	Crush
MAR	3 7	748.25	(3.00)	MAR3	593.75	2.75	SEP2	2.16	0.53
MAY3	3 7	748.00	(2.75)	MAY3	593.25	2.75	OCT2	2.16	
Soybe	ean/Cor	'n	Ratio	Spread	Change	Wheat/Corn	Ratio	Spread	Change
MAY2	<u> </u>	MAY2	2.14	913.75	12.25	MAY2	1.37	293.25	(14.00)
JUL2	J	IUL2	2.12	893.00	6.75	JUL2	1.38	306.75	(15.00)
SEP2	S	SEP2	2.06	805.00	3.50	SEP2	1.45	342.00	(15.25)
NOV2	2 [DEC2	2.04	775.50	4.25	DEC2	1.47	351.25	(13.50)
MAR	3 N	MAR3	2.01	753.50	6.00	MAR3	1.46	343.50	(10.00)
MAY3	B 1	MAY3	2.00	750.25	6.50	MAY3	1.45	336.75	(3.25)
US Co	orn Basis	s & Barge Fre	ight						
Gulf (Corn			BRAZIL Corn B	Basis		Chicago	opt r	n dn5
	APR	+89 / 92 k	dn6/dn11	June	e +55 / 65 n	unch	Toledo	-35 n	unch
	MAY	+83 / 88 k	unch/dn11	July	/ +35 / 45 n	unch	Decatur	+22	k unch
	JUNE	+88 / 93 n	dn2/dn4	Aug	g +45 / 57 u	unch	Dayton	-10 ו	n unch
	JULY	+80 /90 n	dn3/dn1	0-Jan	0		Cedar Rapi	c +13 r	n up9
	AUG	+ /95 u	unch				Burns Harb) -15 r	n unch
USD/	ton: ι	Jkraine Odessa	\$ 278.00				Memphis-C	Cairo Barge Fre	eight (offer)
US Gul	lf 3YC Fo	b Gulf Seller (F	RTRS) 359.4 35	9.4 356.7 357.9	350.5 348.1	BrgF	MTCT APR	475	unchanged
China	2YC Ma	aize Cif Dalian	(DCE) 448.4 4	53.8 458.3 462.8	8 466.8 467.8	BrgF	MTCT MAY	425	unchanged
Argent	tine Yello	ow Maize Fob U	JpRiver - 31	18.2 315.8 311.8	3	Brgl	MTCT JUN	400	unchanged

Source: FI, DJ, Reuters & various trade sources

Updated 4/18/22

May corn is seen in a \$7.75 and \$8.55 range December corn is seen in a wide \$5.50-\$8.00 range

Soybeans

Terry Reilly Grain Research

Futures International | One Lincoln Centre, Suite 1450 18 W 140 Butterfield Rd. | Oakbrook Terrace, II. 60181

- July soybeans traded two-sided, eventually seeing support from higher products only to sell off late to
 close mixed. Soybean meal took charge during the morning day session but a reversal in nearby
 soybean oil pressured meal/oil spreads. Sharply lower corn paired some of the gains made earlier in
 soybean meal. Both products closed mixed withy bear spreading a feature in meal and bull spreading in
 soybean oil.
- WTI was down more than \$5.40 as of 12:20 pm CT. It appears we saw risk off trading across the commodity space. News was light. Malaysia was on holiday, returning Wednesday.
- Argentina maritime workers plan to strike Thursday for 24 hours over the way the government has been awarding agriculture tenders, stating they see delays. We see no market impact unless it gets extended.
- Anec: Brazil soybean exports during April could end up near 11.980 million tons, down from 12.023 seen last week. Soybean meal exports were seen at 1.956 million tons, down from 2.070 million previous.
- Brazil collected 87 percent of their soybean crop as of April 16, according to Conab, 2.8 points below this time last year.
- The latest 24-hour sales reported today, and Friday, are leading us to think USDA will increase their 2021-22 US export forecast next month. Since April 1, USDA announced 685,650 tons of 2021-22 soybeans were sold to unknown and China. That is just over 25 million bushels. Based on monthly inspections, we see March soybean exports near 115 million bushels, less than what we originally projected. Inspections have picked up in April and we estimate 119 million bushels will be exported for the month, up from 50.9 million a year ago. Our 2021-22 US soybean export estimate is 2.150 billion bushels, above USDA's 2.115 billion estimate. We look for USDA to bump up soybean exports next month by 20-25 million bushels and reduce the carryout to around 235 million bushels from current 260 million.
- Two concerns hang over the soybean market. Inflation in March was 8.5 percent, in large part to higher oil and food prices, leading some to think global meat consumption could contract (not US). Second is Covid lockdowns in China, which are still going on. This slowed soybean imports that may last through at least the end of April.
- The IMF on Tuesday lowered its global economic growth by nearly a full percentage point, citing the Russia/Ukraine conflict. They also warned that inflation is now a "clear and present danger" for many countries.
- Rail Chicago meal basis was down \$5/short ton to 14 over the May, Decatur (IL) down \$5 to 15 over the May, and Fostoria (OH) off \$5 to 15 over the May.
- European Union soybean imports in the 2021-22 (July-June) season reached 11.24 million tons by April 17, compared with 11.90 million tons by the same week in 2020-21.

Export Developments

- USDA reported 123,650 tons of soybeans sold to unknown for the 2021-22 marketing year.
- China looks for sell another 500,000 tons of soybeans during the April 18-23 workweek.

USDA 24-hour

Date reporte	✓ Value (tonne)	es) Commodity	Destination	Year 💌
19-Apr	123,650	Soybeans	Unknown	2021-22
15-Apr	121,000	Soybeans	China	2021-22
15-Apr	268,000	Soybeans	China	2022-23
15-Apr	272,000	Soybeans	China	2022-23
15-Apr	177,000	Soybeans	Unknown	2021-22
14-Apr	132,000	Soybeans	China	2021-22
11-Apr	680,000	Corn	China	2021-22
11-Apr	340,000	Corn	China	2022-23
6-Apr	132,000	Soybeans	China	2021-22
4-Apr	676,000	Corn	China	2021-22
4-Apr	408,000	Corn	China	2022-23
1-Apr	136,000	Corn	Unknown	2021-22

Soybea	ans	Change	Soybean Meal			Change	Soybean Oi		Change
MAY2	1716.75	2.00	MAY2	464.50		(1.50)	MAY2	80.20	0.21
UL2	1692.00	(1.25)	JUL2	459.70		(0.60)	JUL2	78.18	0.09
AUG2	1644.75	(3.00)	AUG2	450.00		0.70	AUG2	75.39	(0.01)
EP2	1565.25	(2.25)	SEP2	437.20		(0.10)	SEP2	73.39	(0.33)
NOV2	1521.25	0.25	OCT2	425.30		0.00	OCT2	71.76	(0.45)
AN3	1521.00	1.00	DEC2	423.90		(0.10)	DEC2	71.05	(0.54)
VIAR3	1501.75	3.00	JAN3	419.40		0.10	JAN3	70.23	(0.54)
oybea	ans Spread	Change	SoyMeal	Spread		Change	SoyOil	Spread	Change
√lay-Jι	ul -24.75	(3.25)	May-Jul	-4.80		0.90	May-Jul	-2.02	(0.12)
lectro	onic Beans Crush		Oil as %	Meal/O	il\$	Meal	Oil		
∕lonth	Margin		of Oil&Meal	Con. Va	lue	Value	Value		
∕IAY2	187.35	MAY2	46.33%	\$	(1,670)	1021.90	882.20		
UL2	179.32	JUL2	45.96%	\$	(938)	1011.34	859.98	EUR/USD	1.0782
AUG2	174.54	AUG2	45.58%	\$	(234)	990.00	829.29	Brazil Real	4.6781
SEP2	203.88	SEP2	45.63%	\$	(314)	961.84	807.29	Malaysia Bid	4.2530
NOV2/	DEC2 192.88	ОСТ2	45.76%	\$	(526)	935.66	789.36	China RMB	6.3930
AN3	174.21	DEC2	45.59%	\$	(240)	932.58	781.55	AUD	0.7368
MAR3	158.15		45.57%	\$, ,	922.68	772.53	CME Bitcoin	41362
MAY3	145.15		45.74%	; \$		900.68	759.22	3M Libor	1.09829
IUL3	134.15		45.62%	\$		893.64	749.76	Prime rate	3.5000
AUG3	121.74		45.40%	\$		891.22	741.18		
JS Soy	bean Complex Ba			·					
i	APR +105 / 110	k up2/dn3					DECATUR	+30 n	unch
	MAY +104 / 106	k dn1/dn4	IL SBM (truck)		K+15	4/5/2022	SIDNEY	opt n	up5
	JUNE +111 / 112	n up2/up2	CIF Meal		K+40	4/5/2022	CHICAGO	-5 k	unch
	JULY +102 / 115	n dn7/unch	Oil FOB NOLA		500	4/15/2022	TOLEDO	-5 n	unch
	AUG -115 / +122	q unch	Decatur Oil		450	4/15/2022	BRNS HRBR	jly price	unch
							C. RAPIDS	-40 n	unch
	Brazil Soyb	eans Paranag	ua fob	Brazil N	/leal Para	anagua		Brazil Oil Para	anagua
	MAY-135 / +140	n unch	MAY	+24 /	+28 k	unch	MAY	+360 / +500 k	unch
	JUNE -160 / +163	n unch	JUNE	+12 /	+16 n	unch	JUNE	+250 / +450 q	unch
	JLY -175 / +180	n unch	JULY	+12 /	+16 n	unch	JLY	+250 / +450 u	unch
	JEI -1/2 / +100							250 / 500	
	AUG -215 / +240		AUG	+20 /	+26 u	unch	AUG	+250 / +500 v	nq
		q unch	AUG SEP	-	+26 u +26 u	unch unch		+250 / +500 v +250 / +550 z	•

Source: FI, DJ, Reuters & various trade source

Updated 4/13/22

Soybeans - May \$16.00-\$17.75

Soybeans – November is seen in a wide \$12.75-\$15.50 range

Soybean meal - May \$440-\$490

Soybean oil - May 77-82

Wheat

• US wheat was lower for much of the session led by Chicago from fund selling. We thought US wheat would trade higher after US winter wheat ratings were surprisingly well below (3 points) expectations.

Terry Reilly Grain Research

Futures International | One Lincoln Centre, Suite 1450 18 W 140 Butterfield Rd. | Oakbrook Terrace, II. 60181

- Back month MN wheat was higher. Next week we will pass our initial winter wheat by class production estimates as the winter wheat is established.
- Some analysts are calling a high in the wheat market but we caution strong global export developments and strength in cash wheat could allow for the US markets to make another leg higher. It will be important to watch the slow US export pace.
- Traders are still assessing the impact on Egypt and Indonesia opening their doors to potential India wheat imports. AgriCensus reported India 11.5% wheat export prices at around \$340-\$350/ton, up about \$7/ton from the previous week. For comparison, Gulf 11% protein wheat was just over \$500/ton.
- A large snowpack across southeastern Canada and the upper US Great Plains is preventing spring wheat plantings and other summer grain fieldwork preparations. Temperature will warm up as the workweek goes on.
- September EU wheat futures settled 1.75 euros lower at 365 euros.
- EU soft wheat exports for the week ending April 17 from July 1, 2021, reached 21.26 million tons, down from 22.08 million tons by the same week in 2020-21.

Export Developments.

- Jordan passed on 120,000 tons of feed barley.
- Japan seeks 27,320 tons of wheat on Thursday.

Japan food wheat import details are via Reuters as follows (in tons):										
COUNTRY	TYPE	QUANTITY								
Australia	Standard White(West Australia)	27,320 *								
*Loading	between August 1 and Augugst 31, 2022									

- Jordan seeks 120,000 tons of feed wheat on April 20.
- Japan seeks 70,000 tons of feed wheat and 40,000 tons of feed barley on April 20 for arrival by September 29.
- Taiwan seeks 47,120 tons of US wheat on April 21 for June 2 through June 21 if shipped off the PNW.

Rice/Other

None reported

Chicag	o Whe	eat	Change	KC Whea	it		Change	MN \	Nheat	Settle		Change
MAY2		1096.25	(24.25)	MAY2		1169.00	(16.00)	MAY	2	1171.50		(3.50)
JUL2		1105.75	(23.00)	JUL2		1173.50	(15.50)	JUL2		1174.75		(3.25)
SEP2		1102.25	(21.00)	SEP2		1168.75	(15.75)	SEP2		1158.00		(2.50)
DEC2		1097.00	(17.50)	DEC2		1163.25	(14.75)	DEC2		1155.25		(6.25)
MAR3		1091.75	(13.00)	MAR3		1161.00	(10.50)	MAR	3	1163.00		4.25
MAY3		1084.75	(6.00)	MAY3		1149.50	(6.50)	MAY:	3	1153.25		3.50
JUL3		1038.50	9.25	JUL3		1061.50	1.75	JUL3		1078.75		0.00
Chicag	o Rice		Change									
MAY2		16.13	(0.425)	JUL2		16.41	(0.470)	SEP2		16.45		(0.300)
US Wh												
Gulf Si	RW W			Gulf HRW	V Whe	eat		Chicag	go mill	-	20 k	unch
	APR	+98 / 114 k	dn17/dn11		APR	+185 k	up10	٦	Γoledo	-	30 k	unch
	MAY	+77 /98 k	dn33/dn22		MAY	+170 k	unch	PNW	US Sof	ft White 10	.5% p	orotein BID
	JUNE	+40 / 55 n	unch		JUNE	+165 n	unch	PNW	Apr	1	050	unchanged
	JULY	+50 / 60 n	unch		JULY	+165 n	unch	PNW	May	1	077	unchanged
								PNW	Jun	1	100	unchanged
								PNW	Jul		980	unchanged
Paris V	Vheat		Change	OI		OI Change	World Pr	ices \$/ton				Change
MAY2		400.50	(0.50)	92,708		(13,170)	US SRW F	ОВ		\$461.2	0	\$10.60
SEP2		366.25	(0.50)	159,638		(2,608)	US HRW	FOB		\$527.2	0	\$11.40
DEC2		360.25	(1.00)	195,779		(2,874)	Rouen FC)B 11%		\$436.0	8	\$3.50
MAR3		357.50	(0.50)	14,035		(925)	Russia F	OB 12%		\$0.00		\$0.00
EUR		1.0782					Ukr. FOB	feed (Ode	ssa)	\$300.0	0	\$0.00
								d FOB 129		\$516.1	5	\$0.00

Source: FI, DJ, Reuters & various trade sources

Updated 4/13/22

Chicago May \$9.75 to \$12.00 range, December \$8.50-\$12.00 KC May \$10.50 to \$12.00 range, December \$8.75-\$13.50 MN May \$10.75-\$12.00, December \$9.00-\$14.00

U.S. SOYBEAN SUPPLY/USAGE BALANCE

(September-August)(million bushels)

	07/00	00/00	00/40	10/11	44/42	40/40	40/44	44/45	45/46	46/47	47/40	10/10	40/20	20/24	FI Proj.	USDA April	FI Proj.	USDA Outlook
	07/08	08/09	09/10	10/11	11/12	12/13	13/14	14/15	15/16	16/17	17/18	18/19	19/20	20/21	21/22	21/22	22/23	22/23
ACRES PLANTED	64741	75718	77451	77404	75046	77198	76840	83276	82650	83453	90162	89167	76100	83354	87195	87195	90955	88000
% HARVESTED	0.991	0.986	0.986	0.990	0.983	0.986	0.992	0.992	0.989	0.991	0.993	0.988	0.985	0.991	0.990	0.990	0.989	0.991
ACRES HARVESTE		74681	76372	76610	73776	76144	76253	82591	81732	82706	89542	87594	74939	82603	86332	86332	89982	87200
AVERAGE YIELD	41.7	39.7	44.0	43.5	42.0	40.0	44.0	47.5	48.0	51.9	49.3	50.6	47.4	51.0	51.4	51.4	52.5	51.5
CARRY-IN	574	205	138	151	215	169	141	92	191	197	302	438	909	525	256	257	232	325
PRODUCTION	2677	2967	3361	3331	3097	3042	3358	3927	3926	4296	4412	4428	3552	4216	4435	4435	4724	4490
IMPORTS	10	13	15	14	16	41	72	33	24	22	22	14	15	20	15	15	15	15
TOTAL SUPPLY	3261	3185	3514	3496	3328	3252	3570	4052	4140	4515	4735	4880	4476	4761	4707	4707	4971	4830
CRUSH	1803	1662	1752	1648	1703	1689	1734	1873	1886	1901	2055	2092	2165	2141	2212	2215	2245	2250
EXPORTS	1159	1279	1499	1501	1362	1317	1638	1842	1943	2166	2134	1752	1679	2261	2150	2115	2225	2150
SEED	89	90	90	87	90	89	97	96	97	105	104	88	97	101	103	106	103	103
FEED/RESIDUAL	6	16	22	46	5	16	10	50	18	42	5	39	11	1	10	12	25	22
TOTAL USAGE	3056	3047	3363	3282	3160	3111	3478	3861	3944	4214	4297	3971	3952	4504	4475	4447	4598	4525
STOCKS	205	138	151	215	169	141	92	191	197	302	438	909	525	257	232	260	373	305
STOCKS-TO-USE S	6.7	4.5	4.5	6.5	5.3	4.5	2.6	4.9	5.0	7.2	10.2	22.9	13.3	5.7	5.2	5.8	8.1	6.7

Source: USDA, Census, FI 2022 yield 52.5, 10-year trend 53.3, 30-year 50.5

	U.S. SOYBEAN MONTHLY/QUARTERLY EXPORTS																
	(million bushels)																
				SEP/				DEC/				MAR/				JUN/	SEP/
	SEP	ОСТ	NOV	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	MAY	JUN	JLY	AUG	AUG	AUG
08/09	34.3	179.3	173.3	386.9	170.9	153.1	162.1	486.1	101.7	82.7	60.0	244.5	60.5	49.9	55.4	165.8	1283
09/10	39.1	198.0	298.9	536.0	225.9	226.4	170.0	622.3	131.5	55.4	32.0	218.9	28.2	37.4	56.3	121.8	1499
10/11	68.1	296.2	257.7	622.1	195.8	185.4	169.4	550.5	125.8	66.3	34.7	226.9	31.6	30.4	43.6	105.5	1505
11/12	47.6	193.2	184.1	424.8	151.1	174.9	153.4	479.5	115.9	74.7	67.4	258.1	53.9	73.7	76.4	204.0	1366
12/13	96.7	274.2	255.3	626.2	186.3	194.3	141.5	522.2	72.0	34.5	22.1	128.7	19.5	13.7	17.4	50.5	1328
13/14	55.3	289.9	331.3	676.5	254.8	258.8	198.6	712.2	116.9	42.9	32.2	192.0	22.2	19.2	16.4	57.8	1639
14/15	77.8	329.7	405.0	812.6	301.5	257.4	166.5	725.4	94.1	49.7	44.0	187.8	34.4	39.7	42.6	116.7	1842
15/16	86.3	368.1	336.9	791.4	249.8	223.6	208.9	682.3	97.1	50.0	32.6	179.7	38.7	97.7	152.9	289.3	1943
16/17	137.8	410.4	380.8	929.0	293.2	257.8	163.9	714.9	118.3	90.3	53.3	262.0	65.6	85.2	109.9	260.7	2167
17/18	165.5	354.4	337.6	857.5	228.7	213.4	155.7	597.8	118.4	80.6	114.3	313.3	114.8	125.9	124.5	365.1	2134
18/19	122.6	200.5	179.3	502.3	147.1	176.7	166.2	489.9	141.1	91.2	91.0	323.3	120.2	136.0	181.6	437.9	1753
19/20	143.7	216.6	251.1	611.4	208.3	190.4	107.7	506.4	91.0	81.7	70.5	243.1	65.4	82.5	170.3	318.2	1679
20/21	264.2	427.6	399.3	1091.1	383.8	319.5	167.5	870.8	84.3	50.9	46.5	181.8	34.0	34.8	48.1	116.8	2261
21/22	79.6	386.1	393.3	859.0	297.9	234.9	139.3	672.1	115.0	119.0	101.7	335.7	85.1	79.1	119.1	283.2	2150
22/23	227.8	382.9	392.0	1002.6	355.6	311.6	155.5	822.7	102.9	80.0	70.4	253.3	35.7	47.6	88.0	171.3	2250

	U.S. SOYBEAN MONTHLY/QUARTERLY CRUSH																
							(milli	on bushe	els)								
				SEP/				DEC/				MAR/				JUN/	SEP/
	SEP	ОСТ	NOV	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	MAY	JUN	JLY	AUG	AUG	AUG
08/09	125.7	150.0	144.7	420.4	141.3	145.2	135.4	421.9	144.4	140.3	146.2	430.9	140.1	128.8	119.8	388.6	1662
09/10	113.3	163.1	168.7	445.1	173.1	167.2	153.9	494.2	156.1	136.5	133.0	425.6	129.5	129.4	128.1	387.0	1752
10/11	130.4	157.2	155.1	442.6	152.3	149.2	129.4	430.9	140.3	128.0	128.0	396.3	123.6	129.6	125.0	378.2	1648
11/12	115.6	147.8	148.0	411.4	152.1	149.4	142.9	444.4	147.1	137.9	144.7	429.7	140.2	143.9	130.8	414.9	1700
12/13	125.2	160.2	163.9	449.3	166.6	164.8	142.8	474.2	143.7	126.3	128.9	398.9	125.0	122.5	116.3	363.9	1686
13/14	114.1	164.5	167.6	446.2	173.0	163.4	148.5	484.9	160.8	139.0	135.7	435.5	124.7	125.7	116.6	367.1	1734
14/15	105.4	167.1	169.6	442.1	173.9	169.7	153.5	497.0	169.3	157.0	156.1	482.3	151.6	155.7	144.6	451.9	1873
15/16	134.5	170.1	165.8	470.4	167.0	160.5	154.6	482.1	166.4	158.2	160.8	485.4	154.1	153.4	140.6	448.2	1886
16/17	138.3	175.9	170.7	484.8	169.0	171.3	151.4	491.7	160.7	150.3	158.0	469.0	148.2	155.6	151.6	455.4	1901
17/18	145.4	175.9	173.3	494.6	176.3	174.5	164.9	515.8	182.2	171.6	172.5	526.2	169.5	178.8	169.6	518.0	2055
18/19	169.2	182.9	178.1	530.3	183.6	183.1	162.8	529.4	179.4	171.5	165.4	516.4	157.6	179.4	177.5	514.6	2091
19/20	162.3	187.2	174.6	524.1	184.7	188.8	175.3	548.8	192.1	183.4	179.5	555.1	177.3	184.5	174.7	536.4	2164
20/21	171.0	196.5	191.0	558.6	193.1	196.5	164.3	553.9	188.2	169.8	173.5	531.5	161.7	166.3	168.2	496.3	2140
21/22	164.1	196.9	190.6	551.6	198.2	194.3	174.4	566.9	194.0	186.7	182.4	563.0	176.3	182.5	172.3	531.2	2213
Source: USDA, Cens	sus, NOP	A, and FI	Во	ld FI fore	cast Bo	old & Blu	e is from	USDA/N	ASS crus	h report							

Source: USDA, Census, NOPA, and FI

Bold FI forecast

USDA Export Sales Estimates/Results in 000 tons

		ESTIMATED 4/14/2022			4/7/2022 Last Week			4/15/202: Year Ago	
Beans	21/22	800-1000		21/22	548.9		20/21	64.4	
	n/c	700-950		22/23	458.0		21/22	315.3	
					Sales to China	435.5		Sales to Ch	ina (51.2)
			Shipped			Shipped			Shipped
Meal	21/22	100-200	100-250	21/22	174.9	128.8	20/21	124.3	202.0
	n/c	0-25		n/c	6.0		21/22	8.2	
			Shipped			Shipped			Shipped
Oil	21/22	0-15	5-15	21/22	6.1	3.0	20/21	5.7	10.0
	n/c	0.0		n/c	0.0		21/22	0.0	
					Sales to China	0.0		Sales to Ch	ina 0.0
Corn	21/22	1000-1300		21/22	1,332.9		20/21	387.5	
	n/c	500-700		22/23	403.1		21/22	29.5	
					Sales to China	671.5		Sales to Ch	ina (123.9)
Wheat	21/22	50-150		21/22	96.1		20/21	240.2	
	n/c	150-300		22/23	225.2		21/22	373.8	

o/c=Old Crop, n/c= New Crop

Souce: Futures International and USDA

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